

MASSTIGE MARKETING: DOES THE TECHNOLOGY ADAPTION ENHANCE PURCHASE OF MOBILE PHONES? AN ANALYSIS

MR.VENKATESH.N1, DR. T. SENTHIL MURUGAN2

Article History: Received: 05.05.2023 Revised: 24.06.2023 Accepted: 21.07.2023

Abstract

'Masstige' is term emerged in the early years of the present century as an answer to the question – how the organizations are planning to penetrate in the emerging economies? Masstige marketing, evolved as a strategic activity, which focuses on effective market penetration and creating a competitive edge over competitors. As a contemplative ground, promoting has a long custom of concentrating on the reception of new innovations. This consideration is positively justified, as concentrates continually show that, contrasted and firms that don't put vigorously in new innovation, those that do are more responsive and partake in areas of strength for a benefit. However, what has gotten less consideration in the writing is the means by which new advances lead to developments in showcasing procedures, apparatus, and methodologies themselves. Specifically, there is a requirement for showcasing researchers to foster hypothetical standards of how advertisers use innovations to foster a cutthroat advantage. This study provides much needed empirical evidences about masstige which can be useful for developing marketing strategies in emerging economies. Overall, 645 responses of Bengaluru rural area sample size were deemed to be useful, with a 90.2% response rate.

The extraordinary issue on "New Technology in Marketing" presents state of the art academic examination that perceive the fundamental job of new advancements in lashing advertising hypothesis and practice. The articles in the extraordinary issue concentrate on an expansive scope of new advances, and we really want to believe that they will animate additional examination relating to new advancements in promoting and their function practically speaking. This article, we give many systems to contemplating what new innovation means for the advertising discipline. These structures arrange the arrangement of articles in the exceptional issue, recognize possible holes deserving of additional review, and propose a plan for future examination.

Keywords: Masstige Marketing, Mobile Phones, Technology Adaption

Email: ¹venkatesh.n@nitte.edu.in, ²aumbasenthil@gmail.com

DOI: 10.31838/ecb/2023.12.si8.487

¹Research Scholar, Annamalai University, Assistant Professor for Commerce & Management, Dr.N.S.A.M First Grade College, Bengaluru-89, India

²Assistant Professor, Department of Business Administration, Arignar Anna Government Arts College for Women, Walaja Ranipet District, India

1. INTRODUCTION

'Masstige' has been currently named as 'masstige'. In the time of globalized markets, there has been a specific accentuation on brand the board and entrance of business sectors for better execution of the organizations. Innovation, Creativity, and Adoption are the phases of product development in the new market. As the life style is continuously changing with market impulses communicated though advertisements and promotions, a feel of need is also generated (Bhakat & Muruganatham, 2013). The difference in attributes of the product from older version to the new ones inspire the customers to look for advanced versions to make the use friendly and unique (Helfi, Akbar, Pratiwi, & Maolani, 2019). The innovation is diffused in our product design and thought process continuously (Rogers, Singhal, & Quinlan, 2019). Utility is the prime parameter in the decision process (Prasad & Jha, 2014).

Objective:

 To measure and compare the perceived mass prestige value of smartphone brands in India using MMI.

Literature review:

Since man-made intelligence is a more extensive term utilized for some of various pointers. Under the most recent innovation. there are some classifications including AI and profound realizing which make genuine world applications of man-made intelligence, including search ideas, acknowledgment, remote helpers and picture acknowledgment. The term. artificial intelligence, alludes to the technology helped scientific course that endeavors to shape robotized frameworks which can be named as keen. The computerized framework inputs information to direct undertakings of canny creatures in a way that expands the achievement rate.(A., Olabiyisi, & A, 2011)

Problem Statement: The development has its application in various cycles in business inside different utilitarian regions and business capabilities. One of them is promoting, which is considered as the center of the business. The most recent innovation is changing the scene of promoting and will totally change in not so distant future. In spite of the fact that promoting is the significant business applications inside AI today and early adopters are endeavoring to make esteem from it, the writing on this viewpoint are scant where both of the disciplines are joined there is a need of additional examinations that show the effect of AI on advertising thinking about that there is a shortage of the exploration in the writing and the capability of the blend in pursuing showcasing choices. The exploration will resolve this significant issue by taking the viewpoint of most recent innovation in advertising.

Theoretical background:

Innovation Diffusion Theory: Set up in1962, the Innovation Diffusion theory was well designed by Rogers (1995). Innovation diffusion theory (Dearing & Cox, 2018) focus on considerate why, how and at what rate pioneering ideas and technologies extend in a social structure. In relation to the theory of change, the diffusion of innovation theory takes the opposite draw near to the study of change. focusing on persuading Instead individuals to change, he views change primarily as a matter of developing or "reinventing" products and behaviors to make them more relevant to individual and group needs.(Cheah, Yang, & Saritas, 2019)

Innovations:

The design, practice or object that is considered a new from individuals or other units of adoption(Purchase & Volery, 2020). Includes all product sets and services that are new or old but exist

unprecedented benefits for users when using or only when the client perceives it as new conditions of use that became an innovation.

Communication:

Communication structure is a channel exchange information about users each other. (Todorova, 2015) This is a mode that works information feedback between users. Better and faster Communication system, faster deployment innovation. Rogers classified Communication systems media and Interpersonal Channel.(Scheming & Mason, 2013) As long as the media can spread the word faster, Rogers believe it is a human channel it's more important for dissemination of innovation or new technology.

Adopter Categorization:

The theory of diffusion of innovation helps here understanding different consumer perceptions innovation in the target group founds different types of adoptive parents: Technology/innovation as it spreads in the social system. These types of people distinguished from each other by time dimension.(Madichie, 2012)

Time:

Temporal aspects of the diffusion of innovation process actually captures the categorization of adopters and adoption rates(Dimitrova & Mancheva-Ali, 2018). Counting hours from the moment of making an innovation until it stops. Register innovation spread speed in one society and accepted by different users.(Skryhun & Nyzhnyk, 2020)

Social System:

The series of interconnected entities involved in a common crisis decisions to realize common goals (Rogers, 2003). An innovation is only useful if it is established as a social system. When people don't recognize it an innovation ceases to be.

Customer Commitment Model-The power that binds the individual to an action relevant for one or more purposes. Thus, engagement differs from exchange-

based engagement. (Keiningham, Frennea, Aksoy, & Buoye, 2015). The form of motivation and of attitudes are relevant to goals it can influence behavior even in the lack of intrinsic motivation or positive attitude. Affective add-on refers to desire based add on to the organization (i.e, employees desire with the organization because they feel like to.) Going concern is related to cost-based bonds that employees think they should hold with the association (i.e. employees stay with organizations because they require them). And finally normative liability refers to bonds based on obligations organization.

Scope : Latest Technology in Marketing.

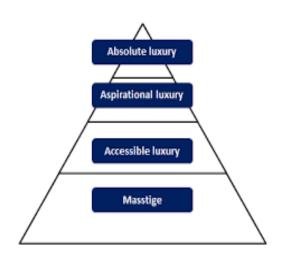
has Earlier research characterize "innovation" as consistent information and its applications to valuable purpose. This description perceives that innovation can transmit both to the item or the help that follow from the rational information and to the actual information.(Kogabayev & Maziliauskas, 2017) In doing as such, it evades the need of recognize the item or administration and the innovation(Sadiku, Fagbohungbe and Musa, 2020) (Ex: Artificial Intelligence AI) it envelops, which is now and again, difficult to do.

The article in this unique issue look at a choice of new promoting advances that drop in one or the two places of the 2015) response cycle.(Choudhary, Accordingly these articles fundamentally utilize different assessment approaches. In particular advancements that supplementary along are bound to have deliver hard information in view of the fact that an adequate series of firm or shoppers have taken on the innovation to sanction the precursors or results of reception to be experimentally noticed and quantitatively dissected. Coordinating this multitude of contemplations, we characterize advancements in promoting as "logical information and additionally its relevance in the premature reception cycle for firms purchasers potentially with

possibility to impact the movement, establishment and cycles for making, impart, conveying, and trading assistance that have an incentive for clients, clients,

accomplices and culture at outsized."(Hulland, Kopalle, & Karahanna, 2020).

CONCEPTUAL MODEL



Need of Technology uses:

An elevated degree of deliberation, we see that latest innovations influence showcasing in four expansive, interconnected ways, explicitly new innovation takes to:

- (1) Supporting new types of cooperation among shoppers and firms
- (2) Providing new kinds of information that empower new scientific techniques
- (3) Creating showcasing advancements and
- (4) Requiring new essential showcasing systems. It is essential to remember that unique

innovations can serve these various capabilities simultaneously and to differing degrees.

The Theory of planned behavior:

The hypothesis of set conduct is an expansion of the hypothesis of contemplated action prepared vital by the first models limits in running ways of behaving over which persons have scarce volitional control (Ajzen, 1991). The first theory of contemplated doings, a crucial

component in the hypothesis of arranged manner is the individuals aim to play away guaranteed conduct. Expectations are received to grab the persuasive variables that force a means of behaving they show how hard individuals are willing to effort of the quantity of a work they are adequate to apply and to play out the method of behaving. While in doubt the more stranded the expectation to participate in a way of behaving, the extra probable have to be its presentation. It must to be clear, notwithstanding that a conduct aim can track down expression in manner provided that the manner being referred to is under volitional run.

Theory of recent behavior:

Human way of behaving is directed by different sorts of contemplations convictions about the reasonable outcome the of behaving conduct way convictions, about the regulating assumptions for other people (regularizing convictions), and convictions about the presence of elements that capacity work with or block execution of the way of behaving(control convictions)(Bosnjak, Ajzen, & Schmidt, 2020). In particular totals, conduct convictions produce a positive or ominous mentality close the way behaving; to of standardizing convictions bring about apparent prevalent difficulty or abstract standard; and control convictions lead to apparent social control or self adequacy. The impact of demeanor toward the way of behaving what's more, emotional standard on expectation are directed by view of conduct control.

Technology applications in business:

New advances have frequently been successfully sent to advance develop firm shopper communications by generous new advertising instruments. For instance, AI is a well-built motor in supplanting human delegates of the firm with machine specialist; working with firm-customer connections through "expression machine" Anthropomorphized chatbots can impact buyer reaction in purchaser started administration co-operations. In adding up, symbols are progressively firm-purchaser utilized in communications, where the degree of a symbol's structure and conduct authenticity is a significant determinant of its viability.

New Data and Analytic Methods:

New advancements likewise bring about new information and generate new logical techniques propose a scientific system that uses PC vision strategies to dissect the adequacy of salesmen's looks in live selling. proposition stream The methodology for firms to survey the capability of new advances to make wellversed item send off and item departure choices. Further depict a future wherein purchasers might agree to the utilization of their hereditary information to further develop client focusing on and new item improvement.

New Strategic Frameworks used in business today:

At long last, new advancements empower new promoting procedures and key conceptualize computerized systems, stages as spots for shopper publicly supporting and group sending of items and administrations. The intend a typology of symbols that guide advertisers in their choices about how to plan and convey symbols. The propose a structure that incorporates the effect of hereditary qualities into purchaser conduct hypothesis and utilize that system to give an outline of promoting uses of hereditary information. These articles illustrate the worth of new essential structures in figuring out the effect of fresh advances on the advertising space. They likewise give direction to how to plan the most applicable exploration questions.

More extensive research instructions for marketing research while the earlier two subsection influence existing patterns to significant recognize exploration questions, we additionally needed to believe promote into the future to frame more widespread examination bearings for the field. Having so permitted us to recognize holes between the points we imagined initially and the genuine inclusion these subjects have gotten in the unique issue. Secondly we ideated along the components of purchaser conduct, statistical surveying. and promoting judgment creation to distinguish elevated impending future examination regions

2. METHODOLOGY

In this research article, the authors have utilized MMI to examine smartphone manufacturers' effectiveness of masstige marketing strategies. For the desired purpose, MMS was calculated. In order to conduct this exploration, the specialist subjective embraced examination technique. Subjective technique fundamentally exploratory examination which is adjusted to acquire comprehension of the reasons, viewpoints,

and suppositions to take care of the exploration issue. Since the target of the exploration is to incorporate the viewpoint of the showcasing experts to be aware of the effect of man-made intelligence in advertising, subjective examination is the

most ideal decision. For information assortment, the exploration is including essential along with optional sources. This study is both exploratory and descriptive. Primary data was collected using the MMI Instrument developed by Paul (2015b).

Table 1 Profile of the respondents

Gender	N	Percentage
Male	342	52.61
Female	303	47.39
Age Group		
18–25 years	244	37.53
18–25 years	180	27.69
36–45 years	170	26.15
46 years or more	56	0.08
Income		
Below Rs. 2.5 lakh per annum	285	43.84
Rs. 5 lakh to Rs. 7.5 lakh per annum	240	36.92
Rs. 7.5 lakh per annum or above	125	19.24

From Table 1, it can be known that out of 650 respondents, 342 respondents (52.61%) were males, and 303 respondents (47.39%) were females.

Table 2: Masstige Mean Index

1 4010 21 1114050180 1110011			
Statement	Masstige Mean Scale		
I would buy this brand because of its masstige	55.378		
Perceive this brand as prestigious	54.341		
Brand a top-of-mind brand	54.195		
I believe this brand meets international standards	53.865		
I believe this brand is known for high quality	52.245		
Nothing is more exciting than this brand	53.765		

Extravagance brands were frequently viewed as selective and costly; in this manner the brand picture was kept up with through restricted availability in sociodemographical terms. With the rise of cell phone brands, it appears to be that brand esteem can be grown in any event, when a mass focusing on system is taken on. The brand with of its masstige had 55.378 compare to with perceive this brand as prestigious 54.341.

Limitations:

None of the investigations is without impediments. This study was led among

cell phone clients from Bengaluru rural, India. There would have been variety in the outcomes if a far reaching overview was led. On account of the explanation referenced previously, speculation for the Indian cell phone market is insufficient somewhat.

3. CONCLUSION

It is implying that these brands have laid out a prevailing position and made brand value in the Indian cell phone market. Accomplishing an adequate MMI would bring about the making of want among the customers to address premium costs for extravagance presented by these brands, as well as section/mid-level models of these brands. The exceptional matter on "New Marketing" Technology in present extensive range of examination that explores how latest innovations drive promoting practice and can invigorate added exploration. By clarifying how latest innovation empowers new types of cooperation among buyers and firms this examination shows that novel innovation is bringing forth new sorts of information insightful techniques, promoting advancements, and leads to new essential showcasing structures. Altogether, the articles in this topic show the righteous cycle by which firms convey new promoting advances, which upgrade the lavishness and quantity of market information which produce new scientific strategy which give power to novel bits of facts, which support extra compelling advertising choices, which work on the assortment of extra market information, etc. Against this scenery, and enlivened by the exploration introduced in this unique issue, we give proposals to future examination and express impressions on promoting researcher the advertising professional can remain applicable with regards to fast advancements of new innovation.

4. REFERENCES

- 1. Adebeshin. (2015). Exploring Symbolism in Masstige Brand Advertising within the Discursive Context of Luxury. Journal of Semiotic Analysis, 250-265.
- Helfi, Y., Akbar, F., Pratiwi, D. M., & Maolani, F. M. (2019). How Product Attribures Affect Consumer Decision To Purchase A Premium Scooter Matic? JEMA Jurnal Llimah Bidang Akuntansi dan Manajemen .

- 3. Hulland, J., Kopalle, P. K., & Karahanna, E. (2020). The future of technology and marketing: a multidisciplinary perspective. Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science, 1-8.
- 4. Keiningham, T. L., Frennea, C. M., Aksoy, L., & Buoye, A. J. (2015). A Five-Component Customer Commitment Model. Journal of Service Research.
- 5. Choudhary, D.-P. (2015). Social Media Marketing: A Knowledge based mode for Promotion of Products & Services -"Pacific Business Review International". A Refereed Monthly International Journal of Management, 85-89.
- 6. Dearing, J., & Cox, J. (2018). Diffusion Of Innovations Theory, Principles, And Practice. Health-Affairs, 1104.
- 7. Dimitrova, V., & Mancheva-Ali, O. (2018). Planning and Time Managemen. International conference KNOWLEDGE-BASED ORGANIZATION.
- 8. Kogabayev, T., & Maziliauskas, A. (2017). The definition and classification of innovation. Journal of Business and Public Administration, 05.
- 9. Madichie, N. (2012). Consumer Behaviour: Text & Cases. Awka: Tata McGraw Hill.
- Prasad, R. K., & Jha, M. K. (2014). Consumer Buying Decisions Models: A Descriptive Study. International Journal of Innovation and Applied Studies, 6 (3).
- 11. Purchase, S., & Volery, T. (2020). Marketing innovation: a systematic review. Journal of Marketing Management, 1-31.
- 12. Bosnjak, M., Ajzen, I., & Schmidt, P. (2020). The Theory of Planned Behavior: Selected Recent Advances and Applications. Europe's Journal of Psychology, 352-356.

- 13. Cheah, S., Yang, Y., & Saritas, O. (2019). Reinventing product-service systems: the case of Singapore. Foresight, 2-25.
- 14. Rogers, E. M., Singhal, A., & Quinlan, M. M. (2019). Diffusion of Innovation. In An Integrated Approach to Communication Theory and Research.
- 15. Basha, S. M., Kethan, M., & Aisha, M. A. (2021). A Study on Digital Marketing Tools amongst the Marketing Professionals in Bangalore City. JAC: A Journal of Composition Theory, 14(9), 17-23.
- 16. Kethan, M., & Basha, M. (2023). Impact of Indian Cinema on Youths Lifestyle and Behavior Patterns. East Asian Journal of Multidisciplinary Research, 2(1), 27-42.
- 17. Isac Gunday, D. M. K. (2023). A study on consumer perception towards fast food retail outlets with reference to bengaluru karnataka. Journal of Pharmaceutical Negative Results, 418-424.
- 18. Dash, G., & Paul, J. (2021). CB-SEM vs PLS-SEM methods for research in social sciences and technology forecasting. Technological Forecasting and Social Change, 173, 121092.
- 19. Basha S., M., Reddy, K., Mubeen, S., Raju, K. H. H., & V., J. (2023). Does the Performance of Banking Sector Promote Economic Growth? A Time Series Analysis. International Journal of Professional Business Review, 8(6), e02128. https://doi.org/10.26668/businessreview/2023.v8i6.2128
- 20. Reddy, K., SN, M. L., Thilaga, S., & Basha, M. M. (2023). Construction Of An Optimal Portfolio Using The Single Index Model: An Empirical Study Of Pre And Post Covid

- 19. Journal of Pharmaceutical Negative Results, 406-417.
- 21. Shaik, M. (2023). Impact of artificial intelligence on marketing. East Asian Journal of Multidisciplinary Research, 2(3), 993–1004. https://doi.org/10.55927/eajmr.v2i3.3
- 22. M. B. S., M. Kethan, V. Karumuri, S. K. Guha, A. Gehlot and D. Gangodkar, "Revolutions of Blockchain Technology in the Field Cryptocurrencies," 2022 International Conference on System Advancement Modeling & Research **Trends** (SMART), Moradabad, India, 2022, pp. 761doi: 10.1109/SMART55829.2022.100472 25.
- 23. S. H. Krishna, N. Vijayanand, A. Suneetha, S. Mahabub Basha, S. C. Sekhar and A. Saranya, "Artificial Intelligence Application for Effective Customer Relationship Management," 2022 5th International Conference on Contemporary Computing and Informatics (IC3I), Uttar Pradesh, India, 2022, pp. 2019-2023, doi: 10.1109/IC3I56241.2022.10073038.
- 24. Kethan, M. (2022). A STUDY ON THE **FACTORS AFFECTING EMPLOYEE** RETENTION IN INFORMATION **TECHNOLOGY** SECTOR. Journal of Contemporary Issues in Business and Government, 28(4), 980-996.
- 25. Y. A. B. Ahmad, S. S. Kumari, M. S, S. K. Guha, A. Gehlot and B. Pant, "Blockchain Implementation in Financial Sector and Cyber Security System," 2023 International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Smart Communication (AISC), Greater Noida, India, 2023, pp. 586-590, doi: 10.1109/AISC56616.2023.10085045

.

- 26. Scheming, O., & Mason, R. (2013). Interpersonal communication channels used by organizations in South Africa to communicate with their German business. Corporate Ownership and Control, 409.
- 27. Jahnavi, M., Bose, P., Santosh, M. K., & Sunitha, M. (2023). CUSTOMER COGNIZANCE TOWARDS CROWDFUNDING, INDIA. Journal of Survey in Fisheries Sciences, 10(4S), 1197-1218.
- 28. Skryhun, N., & Nyzhnyk, S. (2020). Time management as an important component of successful business activities. Middle European Scientific Bulletin.
- 29. Todorova, G. (2015). The impact of marketing communication mix on firms sales. Trakia Journal of Science , 63.
- 30. Jahnavi, M., Bose, P., Santosh, M. K., & Sunitha, M. (2023). IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON THE PERFORMANCE OF BSE SECTORAL INDICES IN INDIA. Journal of Survey in Fisheries Sciences, 10(4S), 1219- 1227.
- 31. Mohana, S., Santosh, K., & Jahnavi, M. (2022). Impact of strategic management practices on employee performance in higher education sector. International Journal of Health Sciences, 6(S2), 13378–13389
- 32. Santosh, M. K., & Hanji, S. V. PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION AND INVESTMENT DECISION USING MARKOWITZ MODEL. Turkish Journal of Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation, 32, 3.
- 33. A., S., Olabiyisi, S., & A, A.-H. (2011). Development of a Framework for Computerized Health Management Information Systems in Nigeria. International Journal of Information and Communication Technology Research, 311 320.

- 34. Ajzen, I. (1991). The Theory of Planned Behavior. Organizational Behavior and Human Decision Processes, 179-211.
- 35. Bhakat, R. S., & Muruganatham, G. (2013). A Review of Impulse Buying Behaviour. International Journal of Marketing Studies.
- 36. Basha, S. M., & Ramaratnam, M. S. (2017). Construction of an Optimal Portfolio Using Sharpe's Single Index Model: A Study on Nifty Midcap 150 Scrips. Indian Journal of Research in Capital Markets, 4(4), 25-41.
- 37. Singh, B. (2023). Understanding the role of image, quality and price for developing prestigious mass brands. Asia Pacific Journal of Marketing and Logistics, 35(3), 533-559.
- 38. Agrawal, D. K. (2022). An Empirical Study On Socioeconomic Factors Affecting Producer's Participation In Commodity Markets In India. Journal of Positive School Psychology, 2896-2906.
- DrSanthosh Kumar, V., & Basha, S.
 M. (2022). A study of Emotional Intelligence and Quality of Life among Doctors in PandemicCovid 19. International Journal of Early Childhood, 14(02), 2080-2090.
- 40. Kumar, A., Paul, J., & Unnithan, A. B. (2020). 'Masstige'marketing: A review, synthesis and research agenda. Journal of Business Research, 113, 384-398.
- 41. Shaik, M. B., Kethan, M., Jaggaiah, T., & Khizerulla, M. (2022). Financial Literacy and Investment Behaviour of IT Professional in India. East Asian Journal of Multidisciplinary Research, 1(5), 777-788.
- 42. Krishnamoorthy, D. N., & Mahabub Basha, S. (2022). An empirical study on construction portfolio with

- reference to BSE. Int J Finance Manage Econ, 5(1), 110-114.
- 43. Mohammed, B. Z., Kumar, P. M., Thilaga, S., & Basha, M. (2022). An Empirical Study On Customer Experience And Customer Engagement Towards Electric Bikes With Reference To Bangalore City. Journal of Positive School Psychology, 4591-4597.
- 44. Basha, S. M., & Kethan, M. (2022). Covid-19 pandemic and the digital revolution in academia and higher education: an empirical study. Eduvest-Journal of Universal Studies, 2(8), 1-648.
- 45. Arya, V., Sethi, D., & Paul, J. (2019). Does digital footprint act as a digital asset?—Enhancing brand experience through remarketing. International Journal of Information Management, 49, 142-156.
- 46. Shaik, M. B., Kethan, M., & Jaggaiah, T. (2022). Financial Literacy and Investment Behaviour of IT Professional With Reference To Bangalore City. Ilomata International Journal of Management, 3(3), 353-362.
- 47. Kethan, M., & Basha, M. (2022).
 Relationship of Ethical Sales
 Behaviour with Customer Loyalty,
 Trust and Commitment: A Study
 with Special Reference to Retail
 Store in Mysore City. East Asian
 Journal of Multidisciplinary
 Research, 1(7), 1365-1376.
- 48. Kumarai, G. S., Bajaj, P. K., Rana, S. S., Basha, M., & Karumuri, V. (2022). An empirical study on customer satisfaction towards organized Retail outlets in Bengaluru city, Karnataka. Academy of Marketing Studies Journal, 26(5).
- 49. Iaia, L., Leonelli, S., Masciarelli, F., Christofi, M., & Cooper, C. (2022). The malevolent side of masstige consumers' behavior: The role of

- dark triad and technology propensity. Journal of Business Research, 149, 954-966.
- 50. Mehra, A., Paul, J., & Kaurav, R. P. S. (2021). Determinants of mobile apps adoption among young adults: theoretical extension and analysis. Journal of Marketing Communications, 27(5), 481-509.